* What is a Perceptron?
  + Red neuronal mas simple, una sola neurona
* What is a Multi Layer Perceptron?
  + Red neuronal con mas de una capa de neuranas (hidden layers)
* What is a Neuron in a Neural Network?
  + Every part of a neuran network with the aim of receiving some inputs and convert it in an output.
* Why is it called Deep Learning?
  + Un camp contingut al Machine Learning que es basa en algoritmes per aprendre diversos nivells de representació buscant relacions complexes. Obtenint característiques d'alt nivell i baix nivell, jerarquitzant-les.
* What is the Forward Pass?
  + The "forward pass" refers to calculation process, values of the output layers from the inputs data. It's traversing through all neurons from first to last layer.
* What is the Backward Pass?
  + Process of counting changes in weights (de facto learning), using gradient descent algorithm (or similar). Computation is made from last layer, backward to the first layer.
* Why is the backpropagation algorithm convenient for computing the gradient?
  + Because we only know the inputs and the final output, with backpropagation we can readjust the weights considering all preferences of each neuron in the neural network.
* What are the main modules to import when working with Pytorch?
* What is the module you inherit from when you define a Neural Network as a class in Pytorch?
* How do you create a torch tensor?